

## Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification			
<b>Product Name:</b>	Ethylene Glycol 60%	Version: 4 Effective Date: June 25, 2014	
Supplier /	Chemfax Products Ltd		
Manufacturer:	11444 - 42 Street SE		
	Calgary, AB T2C 5C4		
	Tel: 403-287-2055		
<b>Material Uses</b>	Heat transfer fluid		
24 Hour Emergency	Canutec (613) 996-6666		

WHMIS



This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR

HMIS Ratings for this product are: Health 2, Flammability 0, Reactivity 0

Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients		
Name	CAS#	% by weight
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	60
See Section 8 for information on permissible exposure limits and threshold limit values		

Section 3. Hazards Identification		
Physical State and Appearance Clear, colourless liquid with a mild odour		
Hazard Summary	Highly toxic, irritant	
Routes of Exposure	Skin contact & absorption, ingestion, inhalation, eyes	
<b>Potential Acute Health Effects</b>	<b>Skin:</b> Irritant. Can cause burning and redness. Product will be	
	absorbed through the skin and can cause health effects.	
	Eyes: Irritant. Will cause irritation and redness.	
	Inhalation: Harmful. Inhalation of larger quantities of this	

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	material will be harmful. Irritation of the respiratory tract,	
	digestive tract disturbances, vomiting and diarrhea, faintness,	
	light-headedness, fatigue, headache, cyanosis (causes blue	
	colouration due to lack of oxygen), lung oedema (fluid in the	
	lungs), convulsions, coma and death	
	<b>Ingestion:</b> Toxic. Ingestion of this product may lead to kidney,	
	liver and brain damage. Digestive tract disturbances, vomiting	
	and diarrhea, kidney failure and liver damage.	
Medical Conditions	The following conditions or organs already damaged may be	
Aggravated by Exposure	aggravated by exposure to this material:- asthma, liver, kidney,	
	central nervous system, chronic lung disease, coronary artery	
	disease or anaemia's.	
See Toxicological Information – Section 11		
Additional Hazard	None	
Identification Remarks		

Section 4. First Aid Mea	asures
Eye Contact	Flush eyes with water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.
Skin Contact	Flush area with water. If irritation persists seek medical attention.  Launder clothing before reuse.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air. If there is difficulty breathing, seek immediate medical attention.
Ingestion	Give two glasses of water. Do not induce vomiting. Lay victim on left side to prevent aspiration of any vomit. Seek immediate medical attention.
Notes to Physician	Effects of ethylene glycol poisoning appear in three stages. Initial stages in the first 6 – 12 hours is characterised by central nervous system effects (transient exhilaration, nausea, vomiting and potentially coma, convulsions and death). The second stage lasts from 12 – 36 hours after exposure and is initiated by the onset of coma. It is characterised by tachypnia (laboured breathing), tachycardia (rapid heart rate), hypotension (low blood pressure), cyanosis (blue colour due to lack of oxygen) and in severe cases pulmonary oedema (fluid in the lungs), bronchopneumonia, cardiac enlargement and congestive failure. The final stage occurs at 24 – 72 hours post exposure and is characterised by renal failure, from mild symptoms to complete anuria (inability to produce urine) with acute tubular necrosis that can lead to death. Oxaluria (oxalic acid in the urine) is found in most cases. Ethylene glycol poisoning will always cause metabolic acidosis (blood pH is lower than 7.5).
Additional First Aid Remarks	Treatment is required within the first three hours of exposure. High proof whisky can be administered prior to hospitalisation if treatment is delayed. Haemodialysis is the most effective means of removing ethylene glycol and its metabolites form the body

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures		
Flammability of	Non flammable, however it will burn if involved in a fire.	
the Product		
Flash Point	No data	
<b>Explosive Limits</b>	No data	
Auto Ignition	No data	
Temperature		
Static Discharge	No	
Suitable Extinguishing	Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water spray	
Media		
Hazardous	Alcohols, aldehydes, carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, ethers,	
<b>Combustion Products</b>	toxic fumes	
Precautions for	Fire fighters should wear self contained breathing apparatus and full	
Fire Fighting	protective clothing. Use water spray to cool containers and structures exposed to fire.	

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures		
<b>Personal Precautions</b>	Gloves (neoprene), safety glasses, coveralls chemical resistant	
Environmental	Do not allow to enter storm sewers and waterways	
Precautions		
Methods for	Wear full protective equipment. Dyke area and collect spilt material	
Clean Up	by pumping into holding vessel or by soaking up on absorbent	
	material, then shovelling into an appropriate container for disposal.	
	Area will be slippery with residues, wash area with water.	

Section 7. Handling and Storage		
Handling	Handle with care. Do not eat or drink near this product, employ good	
	housekeeping practices. Empty containers may contain residues, these	
	should not be cut or welded, vapours mixed with air may burn.	
Storage	Store in a cool dry place. Keep containers closed at all times.	

Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection				
<b>Exposure Guidelines</b>	TWA: 8 Hr	STEL: 15 min	Ceiling	IDLH *
Ethylene glycol			50 ppm (N 100 ppm (A	
	* Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health			
<b>Exposure Controls</b>	Local exhaust v	entilation		

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**Personal Protection** 

Air purifying respirator with cartridges for organic vapours/mists if exposure limits are being exceeded Gloves (neoprene) and chemical resistant coveralls Respiratory

Skin

Eyes

Other Safety glasses

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties		
Physical State and Appearance	Clear, colourless liquid, with mild odour	
Odour Threshold	0.08 – 25 ppm	
pН	8	
<b>Boiling Point</b>	No data	
Melting Point / Freezing point	No data	
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	No data	
Vapour Density	No data	
Vapour Pressure	No data	
Specific Gravity	1.088 Specific gravity	
Solubility in Water	Completely miscible in water	
% Volatile	No data	
Other Data	None	

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity		
Chemical Stability	Stable	
<b>Hazardous Polymerisation</b>	Will not occur	
Conditions to Avoid	Naked flames	
Materials to Avoid	Alkali metals, strong acids, strong alkalis and strong oxidising agents	
<b>Hazardous Decomposition</b>	Glycolic acid	
Products		

Section 11. Toxicological Information		
<b>Principle Routes of Exposure</b>		
Skin:	Irritant. Can cause burning and redness. Product will be	
	absorbed through the skin and can cause health effects.	
Eyes:	Irritant. Will cause irritation and redness.	
Inhalation:	Harmful. Inhalation of larger quantities of this material will be	
	harmful. Irritation of the respiratory tract, digestive tract	
	disturbances, vomiting and diarrhea, faintness, light-	
	headedness, fatigue, headache, cyanosis (causes blue	
	colouration due to lack of oxygen), lung oedema (fluid in the	
	lungs), convulsions, coma and death	
Ingestion:	Toxic. Ingestion of this product may lead to kidney, liver and	
	brain damage. Digestive tract disturbances, vomiting and	

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	diarrhea, kidney failure and liver damage.
Additional Information	1
Acute Toxicity	1
Ethylene glycol	LD50: 4700 mg/kg (Rat, oral)
	LD50: 9530 mg/kg (Mouse, oral)
	LD50: 10876 mg/kg (Rabbit, dermal)
<b>Chronic Toxic Effects</b>	- Liver and kidney damage
Carcinogenicity - Not	isted
Reproductive Toxicity	/ Teratogenicity / Embryotoxicity / Mutagenicity – Ethylene glycol has

**Reproductive Toxicity / Teratogenicity / Embryotoxicity / Mutagenicity** – Ethylene glycol has caused birth defects in animals at high oral doses. It did cause harm to the pregnant animal or fetus when applied to the skin of the pregnant animal.

Section 12. Ecological Info	rmation
Ecotoxicity	Ethylene glycol
	LC50: 51,000 mg/L (Flathead minnow)
	LC50: 27,549 mg/L (Bluegill)
	LC50: 18,000 – 46,000 mg/L (Rainbow trout)
BOD and COD	BOD: 8 to 82 % @ 5days; 58 to 75% @ 10 days: 81 to 94 % @ 20
	days
	COD: 1.29 mg/mg
Biodegradability / OECD	Ethylene glycol is biodegradable
<b>Toxicity of the Products</b>	No data
of Biodegradation	
Special Remarks	None

Section 13. Disposal Considerations
Dispose of in accordance with local, provincial and federal regulations

Section 14. Transport Information	
TDG Classification	Not regulated for TDG
<b>Emergency Response</b>	Not applicable
Guide #	
Marine Pollutant	No data
<b>Special Precautions</b>	None

Section 15. Regulatory Information	
Canada – DSL Inventory	All components of this product are either on the Domestic Substances
	List (DSL) or Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) or exempt
TSCA	All components of this product are either on the Toxic Substances

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	Control Act (TSCA) Inventory List or exempt	
WHMIS Hazard Class	D2B D2A	
Additional Information	None	

## **Section 16. Other Information**

Prepared by:

Chemfax Products Ltd., Technical Department

**Date Prepared:** November 15, 2013

**Revision Date:** June 25, 2014

Disclaimer

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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